**ESCUELA NORMAL DE EDUCACIÓN PREESCOLAR**

**ENGLISH A2.2**

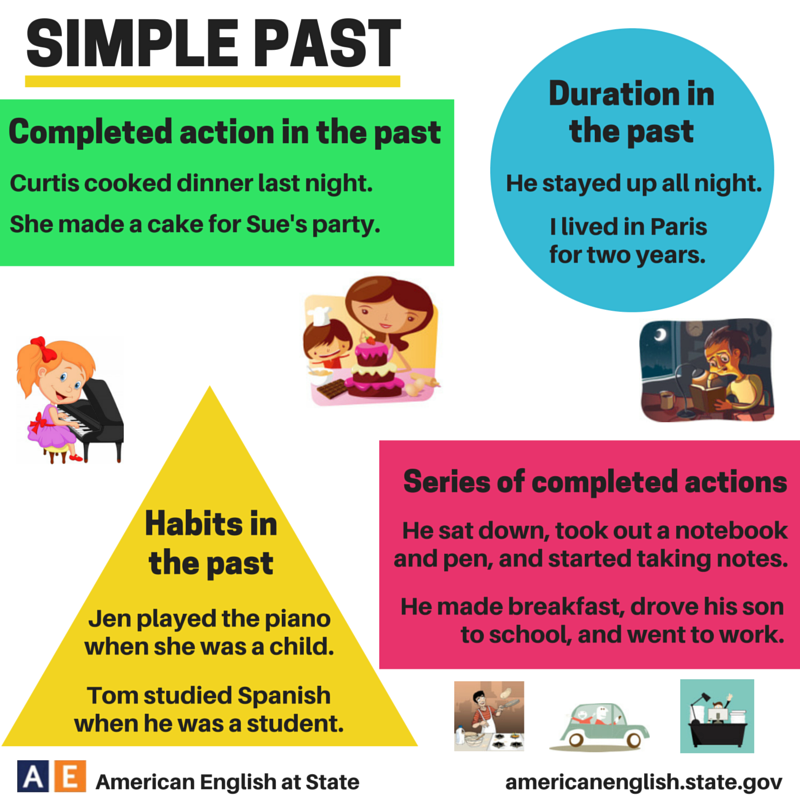
**UNIT 7 – WE WENT DANCING – SIMPLE PAST**

**GRAMMAR – AFFIRMATIVE AND NEGATIVE STATEMENTS**

Dear students, during the week we will practice the **simple past tense**. You will learn how to talk about past events using regular and irregular verbs in affirmative and negative statements.

**ACTIVITY 1 – USING THE SIMPLE PAST**

Read the information about when to use the simple past.



Utilizamos el **pasado simple** para:

* Hablar de una acción o una serie de acciones que ocurrieron en el pasado.
  + *I went to the movies last weekend. / Fui al cine el fin de semana pasado.*
  + *My father took a shower, ate breakfast and went to work. / Mi papa se tomó un baño, comió el desayuno y se fue a trabajar.*
* Hablar de acciones que ocurrieron durante un período de tiempo en el pasado.
  + *I lived in Mérida for two years. / Yo viví en Mérida por dos años.*
* Hablar de cosas que solíamos hacer en el pasado.
  + *She played the piano when she was a child. / Ella tocó el piano cuando era niña.*
  + *Tom studied Spanish when he was a student. / Tom estudió español cuando era estudiante.*

**Go to** [**https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vYF4uYCUsD0**](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vYF4uYCUsD0) **watch the video and analyze the information, then complete the following tasks.**

**ACTIVITY 2 – TIME EXPRESSIONS – 30 PTS.**

Classify the expressions from the box according to the tense in which they are used.

Everyday Now Last year Three weeks ago on weekends

Right now Yesterday At the moment An hour ago Last month

Two days ago Always Last night Sometimes In 1999

In the morning When I was little Just now Never

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **SIMPLE PRESENT**  **(routines)** | **PRESENT CONTINUOUS**  **(events happening now)** | **SIMPLE PAST**  **(events in the past)** |
| **On weekends**  **Everyday**  **Always**  **In the morning** | **Now**  **Just now**  **Right now**  **Never**  **At the moment**  **Sometimes** | **Two days ago**  **Last month**  **In 1999**  **Three weeks ago**  **Last year**  **When I was little**  **Yesterday** |

**When was the last time you did these activities?** Complete the sentences with your own information using the time expressions to talk about the past.

1. I went to a party \_\_\_last night\_\_\_\_\_\_.
2. I visited my grandparents \_\_\_\_three weeks ago\_\_\_\_.
3. I ate meat \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_right now\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
4. I bought something online \_\_\_\_\_two days ago\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
5. I woke up late \_\_\_\_\_\_sometimes\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
6. I gave a birthday present \_\_\_\_\_\_last month\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
7. I helped my mother \_\_\_\_\_now\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
8. I did the laundry \_\_\_\_\_\_\_yesterday\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
9. I traveled with my family \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_last year\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
10. I rode a bicycle \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in the morning\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**ACTIVITY 3 – REGULAR AND IRREGULAR VERBS – 20 PTS.**

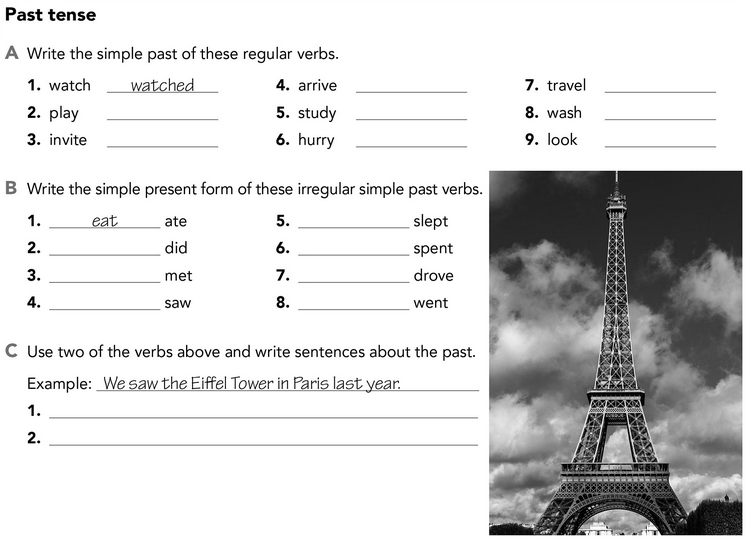
Cuando utilizamos el pasado simple para hablar de eventos que ya ocurrieron, el verbo cambia. Los verbos se clasifican en:

* **Verbos regulares:** aquellos a los que solamente se les agrega -d, -ed o -ied al hablar en pasado. Para conocer las reglas para los verbos regulares en pasado ve a <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fLHrVG3IpbM> observa y analiza el video.



* **Verbos irregulares:** aquellos que cambian por completo al utilizarlos en tiempo pasado.





I ate a pizza in the restaurant last month.

She watched the movie in cinema yesterday.

go

drive

spend

sleep

see

meet

do

looked

washed

traveled

hurried

studied

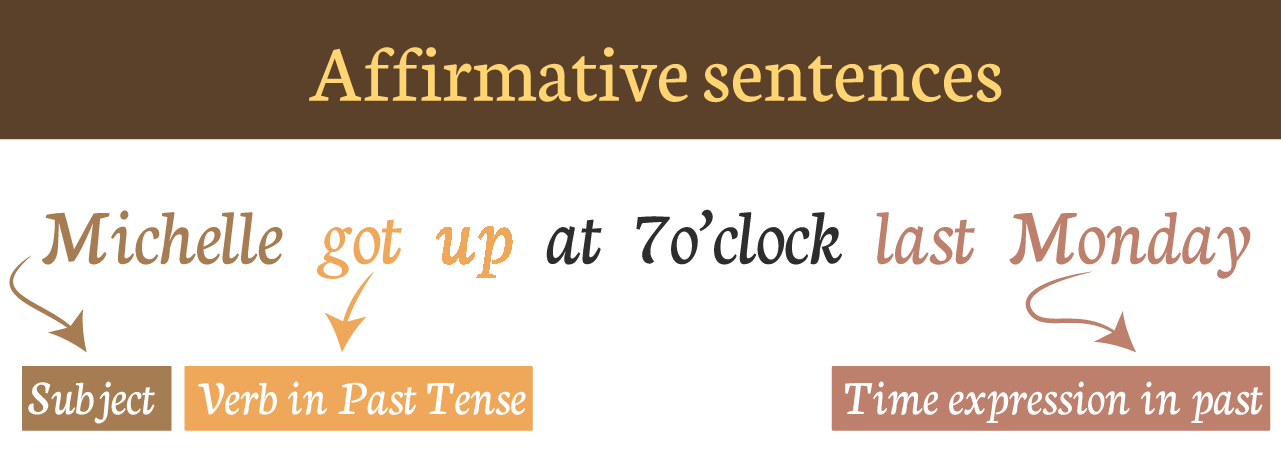
arrived

invited

played

**ACTIVITY 4 – AFFIRMATIVE AND NEGATIVE STATEMENTS – 30 PTS.**

**Go to** [**https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vYF4uYCUsD0**](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vYF4uYCUsD0) **watch the video and analyze the information, then complete the following tasks.**



Let´s practice. Look at the following sentences. Write in the box the verbs that are in parenthesis to simple past. The first 10 sentences use regular verbs and the following 10 irregular verbs. You can check the list of verbs in Escuela en Red.

*Example. We (work)****worked****in our garden all day yesterday.*

I (listen) \_\_\_listened\_\_\_\_ to the news on TV last night.

They (live) \_\_\_\_lived\_\_\_\_\_\_ in England many years.

She (worry) \_\_\_\_worried\_\_\_\_\_\_ about her exam last Friday morning.

The meeting (last) \_\_\_\_lasted\_\_\_\_\_\_ for about two hours.

They (paint) \_\_\_\_painted\_\_\_\_\_\_ their house last weekend.

We (change) \_\_\_\_changed\_\_\_\_\_\_ trains in Liverpool.

He (like) \_\_\_\_liked\_\_\_\_\_\_ the movie very much.

She always (want) \_\_\_\_wanted\_\_\_\_\_\_ to learn English.

We (wait) \_\_\_waited\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for Helen for two hours.

They (tell) \_\_\_\_told\_\_\_\_\_\_ us about their plans for next year.

The weather was warm, so we (sit) \_\_\_\_\_sat\_\_\_\_\_ in our backyard.

The meeting last night (begin) \_\_\_\_began\_\_\_\_\_\_ an hour late.

Mr. López finally (sell) \_\_\_\_\_sold\_\_\_\_\_ his house last week.

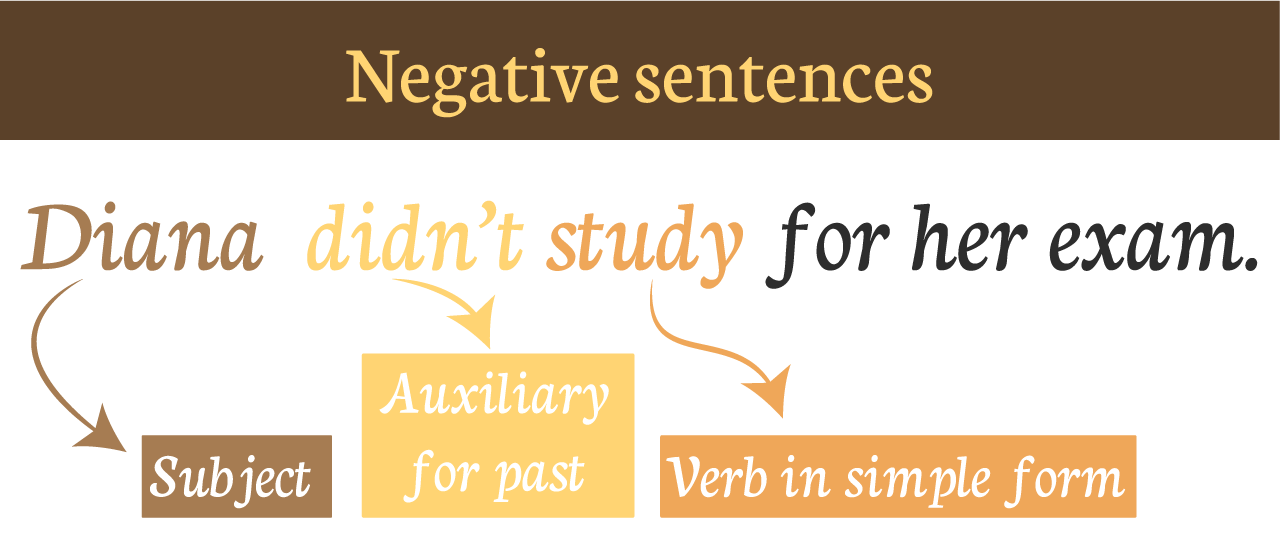
The ticket (cost) \_\_\_\_\_cost\_\_\_\_\_ 75 pesos.

I (hear) \_\_\_heard\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the presidential debate last Wednesday.

Susan (feel) \_\_\_\_felt\_\_\_\_\_\_ bad last class.

I (see) \_\_\_\_saw\_\_\_\_\_\_ my exboyfriend with another woman.

He (write) \_\_\_\_wrote\_\_\_\_\_\_ many love letters to her.



Diana is Michelle’s friend, she likes to party, and she didn’t study for her exam because she went out with her boyfriend.  
Read the following sentences about activities that Michelle DID and rewrite them describing what Diana DIDN’T do. Look at the example.  
**Example:**  
  
Michelle prepared her things for school on Sunday night.  
**You write:** Diana ***didn’t prepare*** her things on Sunday night.

Michelle went to bed early.

Diana \_\_\_\_didn’t go\_\_\_\_\_\_ to bed early.

Michelle studied for her exams.

Diana \_\_\_\_\_didn’t study\_\_\_\_\_ for her exams.

Michelle had breakfast on Monday morning.

Diana didn’t have breakfast on Monday morning.

Michelle passed her exams.

Diana didn’t pass her exams.

Michelle got up early.

Diana didn’t get up early.

Michelle arrived to school on time.

Diana didn’t arrive to school on time.

Michelle gave good news to her mother.

Diana didn’t give good news to her mother.

Michelle read books in the library before her exam.

Diana didn’t read books in the library before her exam.

Michelle paid attention in class.

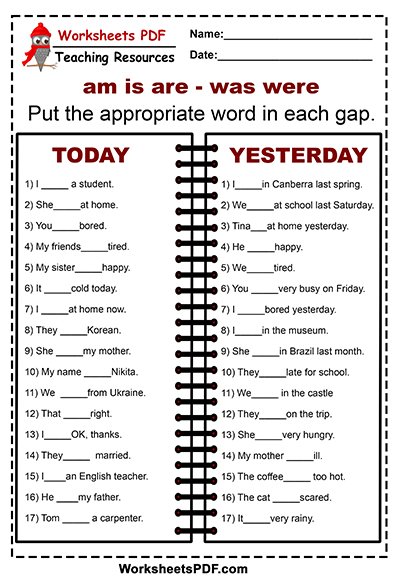
Diana…

**ACTIVITY 4 – PAST OF BE – 20 PTS.**

El verbo “be” (ser o estar) puede ser usado en pasado utilizando las palabras “was” o “were” dependiendo del pronombre que se utiliza.

* **Para los pronombres singulares** (I, He, She, It) se utiliza WAS.
  + I WAS in Mazatlán last week. / Yo estuve en Mazatlán la semana pasada.
  + The weather WAS cold yesterday. / El clima estuvo frío ayer.
  + My sister WAS a dancer for 5 years. / Mi hermana fue bailarina por 5 años.
* **Para los pronombres plurales** (You, We, They) se utiliza WERE.
  + My parents WERE mad at me. / Mis papás estaban enojados conmigo.
  + You WERE my best friend at school. / Tú eras mi major amigo en la escuela.

Go to <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r8Hv3GOv_b0> and watch the video for more examples and a more detailed explanation.



was

was

were

were

were

was

was

was

was

was

was

were

were

was

was

were

was