UNIT 6



Lesson objectives:

Learn and use affirmative simple present statements Know some irregular verbs and its use in simple present tense.

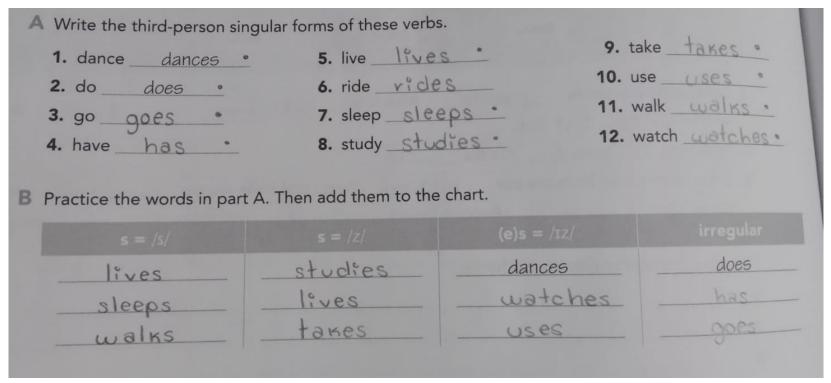
Warm up simple present tense

PRONUNCIATION Third-person singular –s endings

Listen and practice. Notice the pronunciation of the -s endings. Studentbook practice pg 38 ex 5

	s = /s/		s = /z/		(e)s = /IZ/		irregular	
0	take	tak es	drive	driv es	dance	danc es	do	do es
	sleep	sleep s	study	studi es	watch	watch es	have	ha s

Third-person singular -s endings Workbook practice pg 32 Ex3



Listening activity.

Listen simple present statements and match with the correct picture





Audio	Picture #
	2
	1
	5
	3
	4







Listening activity.

Listen simple present statements and WRITE the missing verb.

Audio	STATEMENT
	The baby cry/cries all night
	My mother <u>calls</u> my dad all day.
	l <u>wash</u> my hands before meals.
	Pablo <u>drinks</u> Green tea.
	My daughter <u>reads</u> everynight.

Simple present tense with "Irregular verbs"

GRAMMAR FOCUS

• Irregular verbs change for the third person

I You We They	have have a bike	do do the homework	go go to school
He She it	has has a bike	does does the homework	goes goes to school

Simple present tense

Verb have/has denotes possession.

Have is used with pronouns I, You, We, They.

Has is used with pronouns he, she, it. In simple present affirmative statements changes its root form in the third person.



I have a White car



My grandfather has a blue car

Practice simple present statements

Click on the following link to practice simple present tenses with irregular verb have / has then share your results



Click on the following link to practice simple present tenses with do/does share your results

https://wordwall.net/es/resource/15265556/do-does

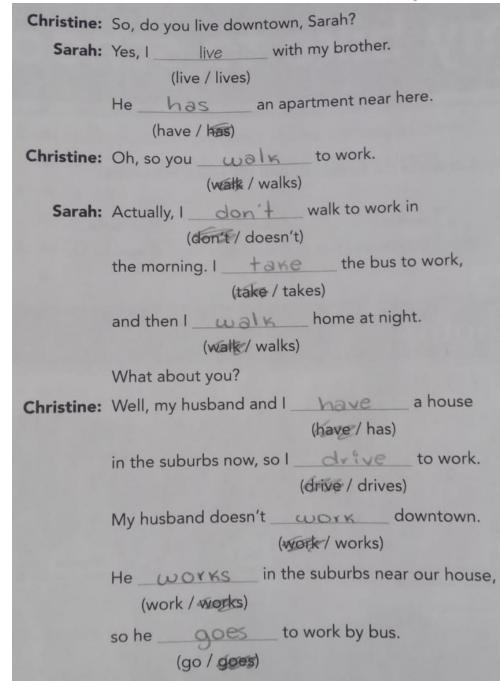


Complete the following pharagraphs in simple present tense. Use the words in parentheses. Workbook practice pg 38 Ex2

- **B** Yuto is talking about his family and his friend Austin. Complete the sentences. Then compare with a partner.
 - My parents <u>have</u> (have / has) a house in the suburbs. My mom and dad <u>go</u> (go / goes) downtown to work. My parents are very busy, so I <u>do</u> (do / does) a lot of work at home.
 - 2. My brother doesn't live with us. He _______ (have / has) an apartment in the city. He _______ (go / goes) to school all day, and he _______ (do / does) his homework at night.
 - 3. I have (have / has) a new friend. His name is Austin.

 We go (go / goes) to the same school, and sometimes we do (do / does) our homework together.

Complete the conversation with the correct words in parentheses. Workbook practice pg 32





Simple present speaking practice

Writing-Speaking activity Write a short pharagraph about a member of your family, use simple present statements (affirmative and negative) follow the next video as example.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xIDj5aH3Cco



- This is Valentina.
- She takes a long time to wake up.
- She brushes her teeth every day.
- She likes going to school.
- She eats a lot at home.
- She plays with her toys.
- She practices gymnastics some days.
- She goes to sleep very early.