

UNIT 6

Lesson 4



Lesson objectives:

Learn and use affirmative simple present statements

Know some irregular verbs and its use in simple present tense.

Warm up simple present tense

PRONUNCIATION Third-person singular -s endings

Listen and practice. Notice the pronunciation of the -s endings. Studentbook practice pg 38 ex 5



s = /s/

take takes

sleep sleeps

s = /z/

drive drives

study studies

(e)s = /ɪz/

dance dances

watch watches

irregular

do does

have has

Third-person singular -s endings Workbook practice pg 32 Ex3

A Write the third-person singular forms of these verbs.

1. dance dances

2. do does

3. go goes

4. have has

5. live lives

6. ride rides

7. sleep sleeps

8. study studies

9. take takes

10. use uses

11. walk walks

12. watch watches






B Practice the words in part A. Then add them to the chart.

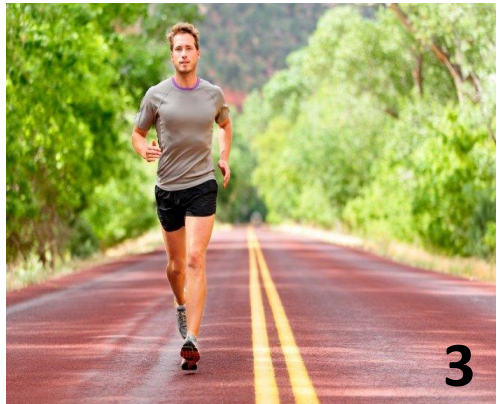
s = /s/	s = /z/	(e)s = /ɪz/	irregular
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>dances</u>	<u>does</u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Listening activity.

Listen simple present statements and match with the correct picture








Audio	Picture #
	2
	1
	5
	3
	4



Listening activity.

Listen simple present statements and WRITE the missing verb.

Audio	STATEMENT
	The baby _____cries_____all night
	My mother _____calls_____ my dad all day.
	I _____wash_____ my hands before meals.
	Pablo _____drinks_____ Green tea.
	My daughter____reads_____ everynight.

Simple present tense with “Irregular verbs”

GRAMMAR FOCUS

- Irregular verbs change for the third person

I You We They	have have a bike	do do the homework	go go to school
He She it	has has a bike	does does the homework	goes goes to school

Simple present tense

Verb have/has denotes possession.

Have is used with pronouns I, You, We, They.

Has is used with pronouns he, she, it. In simple present affirmative statements changes its root form in the third person.



I **have** a White car



My grandfather **has** a blue car

Complete the following paragraphs in simple present tense. Use the words in parentheses.
Workbook practice pg 38 Ex2

Yuto is talking about his family and his friend Austin. Complete the sentences.

Then compare with a partner.

1. My parents have (have / has) a house in the suburbs. My mom and dad Go (go / goes) downtown to work. My parents are very busy, so I Do (do / does) a lot of work at home.
2. My brother doesn't live with us. He has (have / has) an apartment in the city. He goes (go / goes) to school all day, and he Does (do / does) his homework at night.
3. I Have (have / has) a new friend. His name is Austin. We Go (go / goes) to the same school, and sometimes we go (do / does) our homework together.

Complete the conversation with the correct words in parentheses. Workbook practice pg 32

Christine: So, do you live downtown, Sarah?

Sarah: Yes, I live with my brother.
(live / lives)

He Has an apartment near here.
(have / has)

Christine: Oh, so you walk to work.
(walk / walks)

Sarah: Actually, I don't walk to work in
(don't / doesn't)

the morning. I take the bus to work,
(take / takes)

and then I walk home at night.
(walk / walks)

What about you?

Christine: Well, my husband and I have a house
(have / has)

in the suburbs now, so I drive to work.
(drive / drives)

My husband doesn't Works downtown.
(work / works)

He Works in the suburbs near our house,
(work / works)

so he goes to work by bus.
(go / goes)

