

# UNIT 6

## Lesson 5



### Lesson objectives:

Learn and use simple present **NEGATIVE** statements.

Know that **DO** and **DOES** are auxiliars to make negative statements

# Simple present **NEGATIVE** statements

Click on the following link to learn more about how to make negative statements in simple present tense.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2hIkGW1uA0M>

# Simple present **NEGATIVE** statements

To make a negative sentence in English we normally use **Don't** or **Doesn't** with all verbs EXCEPT To Be and Modal verbs (can, might, should etc.).

You will see that we add don't between the subject and the verb. We use Don't when the subject is **I, you, we** or **they**

**(+)** (I, You, we, they) speak French.

**(-)** (I, You, we, they) don't speak French.

When the subject is **he, she** or **it**, we add doesn't between the subject and the verb to make a negative sentence. NOTICE that the letter **S** at the end of the verb in the affirmative sentence (because it is in third person) **disappears** in the negative sentence.

**(+)** (He, She, It ) like~~S~~ chocolate.

**(-)** (He, She, It ) doesn't like chocolate.

## Negative Contractions

There is no difference in meaning though we normally use contractions in spoken English

**Don't = Do not**

I **don't** like meat = I **do not** like meat.

**Doesn't = Does not**

She **doesn't** like meat = She **does not** like meat

# Simple present AFFIRMATIVE and NEGATIVE statements

	(+)	(-)
I You We They	like chocolate	don't like chocolate
He She it	like <b>S</b> chocolate	doesn't like chocolate

# Simple present AFFIRMATIVE and NEGATIVE statements



(+) They **like** chocolate



(-) They **don't like** broccoli

# Simple present AFFIRMATIVE and NEGATIVE statements



(+) He **likeS** chocolate



(-) He **doesn't like** brocolli

# Simple present NEGATIVE statements practice

Click on the following link to practice simple present negative statements

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3Yv\\_8Tdv-qk](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3Yv_8Tdv-qk)

## DON'T - DOESN'T PRACTICE EXERCISES

### DON'T vs. DOESN'T PRACTICE EXERCISES

Complete the sentence with **Don't** or **Doesn't**.

6 John \_\_\_\_\_ live in Canada.

don't

doesn't

### DON'T vs. DOESN'T PRACTICE EXERCISES

Look at the picture and create a negative sentence about it. Use **Don't** or **Doesn't**.



guitar

flute

3 Mary \_\_\_\_\_

### DON'T vs. DOESN'T PRACTICE EXERCISES

Complete these sentences with **Don't** or **Doesn't**.

- I \_\_\_\_\_ speak French.
- We \_\_\_\_\_ live in China.
- She \_\_\_\_\_ want an ice cream.
- He \_\_\_\_\_ play the guitar.
- You \_\_\_\_\_ need a dictionary.
- My cat \_\_\_\_\_ drink milk.
- Cats \_\_\_\_\_ like dogs.
- Jimmy \_\_\_\_\_ play tennis.

### DON'T vs. DOESN'T PRACTICE EXERCISES

Complete these sentences with **Don't** or **Doesn't** and one of the following verbs: **drink - eat - know - live - walk - speak**.

- They \_\_\_\_\_ in Egypt.
- It \_\_\_\_\_ in the desert.
- Susan \_\_\_\_\_ friends.
- My mother \_\_\_\_\_ coffee.
- I \_\_\_\_\_ the answer.
- My cat \_\_\_\_\_ meat.

### DON'T vs. DOESN'T PRACTICE EXERCISES

Make these sentences negative using **Don't** or **Doesn't**.

- David speaks German.
- Phillip and Mike like horror movies.
- I walk to work.
- Parents love...

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## Fill in with (-) don't or doesn't

Mark's mother	Doesn't	like salad
Robert's sister	Doesn't	eat pizza
Ana and I	Don't	take the bus everyday
Susan and Any	Don't	sleep late
My grandfather	Doesn't	dance very well
I	Don't	read newspaper
My mother -in -law	Doesn't	drink water



# Simple present statements practice. Studentbook pg 137

Remind:

- In affirmative statements, verbs with *he/she/it* end in *-s*: He/She **walks** to school. BUT I/You/We/They **walk** to school.
- In negative statements, use *doesn't* with *he/she/it* and *don't* with all the others: He/She/It **doesn't** live here. I/You/We/They **don't** live here.
- Don't add *-s* to the verb: She **doesn't live** here. (NOT: ~~She doesn't lives here.~~)

Elena is talking about her family.

Complete the sentences with the correct form if the verb in parentheses

Elena is talking about her family. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.

My family and I live (live) in the city. We have (have) an apartment on First Avenue. My sister goes (go) to school near our apartment, so she walks (walk) to school. My father works (work) in the suburbs, so he drives (drive) to his job. My mother uses (use) public transportation – she takes (take) the bus to her office downtown. She has (have) a new job, but she doesn't like (not like) it very much. And me? Well, I don't work (not work) far from our apartment, so I don't need (not need) a car or public transportation. I ride (ride) my bike to work!

# Simple present statements practice. Studentbook pg 37

Tom Mitchel is talking about his family. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb

A Tom Mitchell is talking about his family. Complete the sentences with the correct verb forms. Then compare with a partner.

1. My family and I live (live / lives) in the suburbs. My wife and I work (work / works) near here, so we walk (walk / walks) to work. Our daughter Megan works (work / works) downtown, so she drives (drive / drives) to work. Our son doesn't (don't / doesn't) drive. He rides (ride / rides) his bike to school.

2. My parents live (live / lives) in the city. My mother take (take / takes) the subway to work. My father is retired, so he doesn't (don't / doesn't) work now. He also uses (use / uses) public transportation, so they don't (don't / doesn't) need a car.

verb endings: *he, she,*

walk → **walks**

ride → **rides**

study → **studies**

watch → **watches**

Listening practice. Click on the following link to practice simple present tense. Listen to Tod's life once and recognize the affirmative and negative statements in simple present. Then rewrite the statements talking about his life.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5XgWwyqpVIA>

Follow the first statements

Eg. He is a teacher, he works in Japan, he works in a University, he teaches English.

- He teaches English
- He gets up very early
- He gets to work at 7:00
- He has a first class at 8:30
- He doesn't give home until night
- He goes hiking
- He goes to the mountains
- He doesn't have much free time
- He doesn't go hiking often
- He lives in the small house
- At night he goes to the gym or he plays sports

# Write each sentence a different way. Use the sentences in the box.

## 9 Write each sentence a different way. Use the sentences in the box.

- He goes to work before noon.
- I don't work far from here.
- Kimberly is Dan's wife.

- She doesn't get up early on Sundays.
- We don't live in the suburbs.
- We take the bus, the train, or the subway.



1. Dan is Kimberly's husband.

Kimberly is Dan's wife.

2. We have an apartment in the city.

We don't live in the suburbs.

3. We use public transportation.

We take the bus, the train, or the subway.

4. He goes to work in the morning.

He goes to work before noon.

5. My office is near here.


I don't work far from here.

6. She sleeps late on Sundays.

She doesn't get up early on Sundays.

Practice negative statements in simple present tense. Then share your results.

<https://wordwall.net/es/resource/25667891/english/present-simple-in-negative>

Share your results 

JUEGO COMPLETADO

Puntuación	Hora
8 / 8	1:15


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Tabla de clasificación

Mostrar respuestas

Volver a empezar

<https://wordwall.net/es/resource/11378922>

Share your results 

JUEGO COMPLETADO

Puntuación	Hora
10 / 10	1:02

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OCUPAS EL 2.º PUESTO EN LA TABLA CLASIFICACIÓN

Tabla de clasificación

Mostrar respuestas

Volver a empezar