UNIT 6

Lesson 5



Lesson objectives:

Learn and use simple present NEGATIVE statements.

Know that DO and DOES are auxiliars to make negative statements

Simple present NEGATIVE statements

Click on the following link to learn more about how to make negative statements in simple present tense.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2hlkGW1uA0M

Simple present NEGATIVE statements

To make a negative sentence in English we normally use **Don't** or **Doesn't** with all verbs EXCEPT To Be and Modal verbs (can, might, should etc.).

You will see that we add don't between the subject and the verb. We use Don't when the subject is **I**, **you**, **we** or **they**

- (+) (I, You, we, they) speak French.
- (-) (I, You, we, they) don't speak French.

When the subject is **he**, **she** or **it**, we add doesn't between the subject and the verb to make a negative sentence. NOTICE that the letter **S** at the end of the verb in the affirmative sentence (because it is in third person) **disappears** in the negative sentence.

- (+) (He, She, It) like schocolate.
- (-) (He, She, It) doesn't like chocolate.

Negative Contractions

There is no difference in meaning though we normally use contractions in spoken English

Don't = Do not | I don't like meat = I do not like meat.

Doesn't = Does not She doesn't like meat = She does not like meat

Simple present AFFIRMATIVE and NEGATIVE statements

	(+)	(-)
I You We They	like chocolate	don't like chocolate
He She it	likeS chocolate	doesn't like chocolate

Simple present AFFIRMATIVE and NEGATIVE statements



(+) They like chocolate



(-) They don't like brocolli

Simple present AFFIRMATIVE and NEGATIVE statements



(+) He likeS chocolate

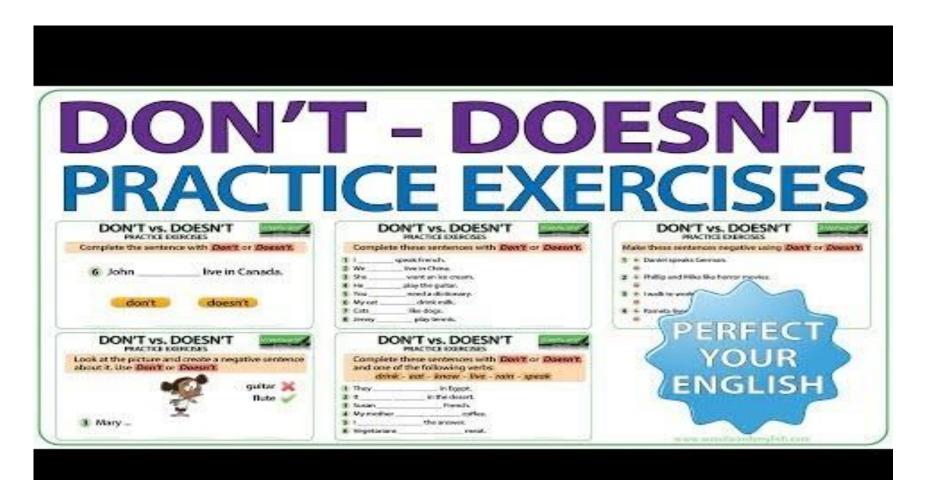


(-) He doesn't like brocolli

Simple present NEGATIVE statements practice

Click on the follolwing link to practice simple present negative statements

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3Yv 8Tdv-qk



Fill in with (-) don't or doesn't

riii iii with (-) don't or doesn't			
Mark's mother	Doesn't	like salad	
Robert's sister	Doesn't	eat pizza	
Ana and I	Don't	take the bus everyday	
Susan and Any	Don't	sleep late	
My grandfather	Doesn't	dance very well	
I	Don'	read newspaper	
My mother -in -law	doones't	drink water	

Simple present statements practrice. Studentbook pg 137

Remind:	

- In affirmative statements, verbs with he/she/it end in -s: He/She walks to school. BUT I/You/We/They walk to school.
- In negative statements, use doesn't with he/she/it and don't with all the others: He/She/It doesn't live here. I/You/We/They don't live here.

Don't add -s to the verb: She doesn't live here. (NOT: She doesn't lives here.)

Elena is talking about her family.

Complete the sentences with the correct form if the verb in parentheses

My family and I	live	_ (live) in	the city. We	have	(have) an
apartment on F	rst Avenue. M	y sister _	goes	_ (go) to s	school near o	our apartment,
so she walks	(walk)	to school.	My father _	works	(work)	in the
suburbs, so he_	drives	_ (drive) to	o his job. My	mother_	uses	(use)
public transport	ation – she <u>ha</u>	as	(take) th	ne bus to h	er office do	wntown.
She has	(have) a r	iew job, b	ut she	oesn't like	(not like) it	very
much. And me?	Well, Don't	work	(not work) fa	ar from ou	r apartment,	so l
	(not need) a d	ar or pub	lic transport	ation. I	11 (5) (4) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	_ (ride) my
bike to work!		- 0	M.			

Simple present statements practrice. Studentbook pg 37

Tom Mitchel is talking about his family. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb

1.	My family and I	live	$_{\scriptscriptstyle -}$ (live / lives)	in the suburbs	. My wife and I
		(work / works)	near here, so	o we _walk	(walk / walks)
	to work. Our da	aughter Megan	works	(work / wo	rks)
	downtown, so s	she drives	(drive / d	drives) to work.	. Our son
	Doesn't	(don't / doesn'	t) drive. He	rides	(ride / rides) his
	bike to school.				

2.	My parents	lives	(live / lives) in the city. My mother
	takes	_ (take / ta	kes) the subway to work. My father is
	retired, so he	Doesn't	(don't / doesn't) work now. He
	also use	/ uses) public transportation, so they	
	Doesn't	_ (don't / d	loesn't) need a car.

Listening practice. Click on the following link to practice simple present tense. Listen to Tod's life once and recognize the affirmative and negative statements in simple present. Then rewrite the statements talking about his life.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5XgWwyqpVIA

HE GOES TO THE MOUNTAINS

HE DOESN'PT MUCH FREE TIME

HE DOESN'T GO HIKING OFTEN

HE LIVE ALONE

HE GOES TO THE GYM

HE IS CLEAN HOUSE ON SUNDAY

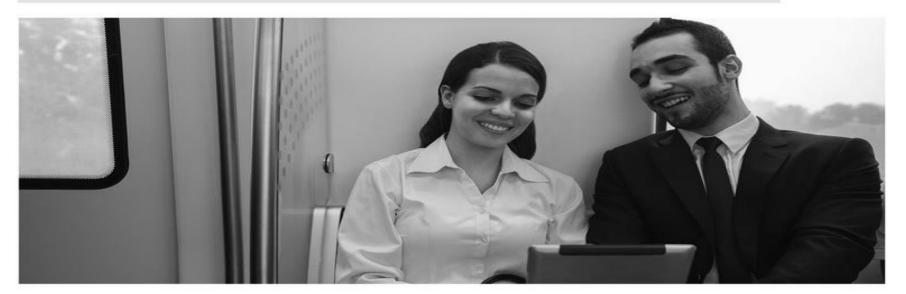
HE DOESN'T COOK MUCH

HE DRIVES IT A LOT

HE DRIVES IT AA THE MOUNTAIS

Write each sentence a different way. Use the sentences in the box.

He goes to work before noon.	She doesn't get up early on Sundays.
I don't work far from here.	We don't live in the suburbs.
✓ Kimberly is Dan's wife.	We take the bus, the train, or the subway.



Dan is Kimberly's husband.
 Kimberly is Dan's wife.

 We have an apartment in the city.
 We don't live in the suburbs

 We use public transportation. We take the bus, the rain, or the subway

4. He goes to work in the morning.

He goes to work before noon

5. My office is near here.

I don't work far from here

6. She sleeps late on Sundays.

She doesn't get up early on sundays

Practice negative statements in simple present tense. Then share your results.

